

1. (30%) Consider the following relations for a database that keep track of the business trips of employees in a company:

Employee(ID, Name, Start_year, Dept_No, Phone)

Trip(Trip_ID, ID, From_city, To_city, Departure_date, Return_date)

Expense(Trip_ID, Account#, Amount)

Department(Dept_No, DName, Manager_ID)

where the underlined attributes are the primary keys of the relations.

- Write an SQL query to list all employees who took business trips to Los Angeles.
 - Write an SQL query to find the manager who took the most trips.
 - Write an SQL query to list the total trip expenses for each employee in 2003.
 - Write an SQL query to list the total trip expenses for each department in 2002.
 - For each employee that took more than five business trips, write an SQL query to retrieve the name of the employee and number of business trips.
 - Write an SQL query to retrieve the most commonly visited city for each department.
2. (20%) Consider the following relation Part_structure; a tuple $\langle px, py \rangle$ in Part_structure means that px contains py as an immediate component.

Part	Component
P1	P2
P1	P3
P2	P3
P2	P4
P3	P5
P4	P6

- Write an SQL query to find all components of P1.
 - Write an SQL query to find all parts which contain P5.
 - Is it possible to write a single SQL query to find all components of some part? Is such a query applicable to every part in the database? Why or why not?
 - Can you suggest extensions to SQL to allow the specification of such queries in (b) and (c)?
3. (10%) Consider a slotted multiple access environment of k stations. Please answer the following questions.
- Assume that for each station the probability of transmitting a frame in any time slot is p . If p can be globally controlled, please calculate the optimal throughput of the system as a function of k . What is such optimal throughput as k approaches infinity?
 - Assume that in a particular time slot exactly x stations among the k stations have frames for transmission. If n stations out of the k stations are randomly selected and given right of transmission, what is the probably that there is a successful transmission in this time slot?

4. (5%) If you are asked by a company to provide advise on determining the number of outgoing telephone lines needed, what would be your approach to conduct such task?
5. (15%) Please explain the following terms.
- (a) Baud rate
 - (b) Character stuffing
 - (c) Binary countdown protocol
 - (d) Sliding window protocols
 - (e) Digital signature
6. (20%) Please answer the following questions.
- (a) Compare 1-persistent CSMA, non-persistent CSMA and p -persistent CSMA.
 - (b) Compare IEEE 802.3 with IEEE 802.5.
 - (c) Compare error-detection code with error-correcting code.
 - (d) Compare link-state routing with distance-vector routing.
 - (e) Compare TCP with UDP.

