

1. A slender rod AB, of weight  $W$ , is attached to blocks A and B, which move freely in the guides shown as the figure. The blocks are connected by an elastic cord which passes over a small pulley at C. (a) Express the tension ( $T$ ) in the cord in terms of  $W$  and  $\theta$ . (b) Determine the value of  $\theta$  for which the tension in the cord is equal to  $3W$ . (20%)
2. Two 10-lb blocks A and B are connected by a slender rod of negligible weight. The coefficient of static friction is  $\mu=0.30$  between all surfaces of contact, and the rod forms an angle  $\theta=30^\circ$  with the vertical. (a) Show the system is in equilibrium when  $P=0$ . (b) Determine the value of  $P$  for which equilibrium is maintained. (20%)
3. A simple beam AB with an overhang BC supports a concentrated load  $P$  at the end of the overhang. Assuming  $EI=\text{constant}$ , determine (a) the angle of rotation at A, (b) the vertical deflection at C. (20%)
4. A steel beam ABC is simply supported at A and B and has an overhang BC of length  $L=150$  mm. The beam supports a uniform load of intensity  $q=3.5$  kN/m over its entire length of 450 mm. The cross section of the beam is rectangular with width  $b$  and height  $2b$ . The allowable bending stress in the steel is 60 MPa. Disregarding the weight of the beam, calculate the required width  $b$ (mm) of the rectangular cross section. (20%)
5. A beam is loaded shown as the figure. Draw the shear and bending-moment diagrams of the beam. (20%)

