

1. (11%) (a) (7%) Use the Laplace transform to solve the given initial value problem.

$$y'' + 16y = f(t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1, \text{ where } f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos 4t, & 0 \leq t < \pi \\ 0, & t \geq \pi \end{cases}$$

- (b) (4%) Solve the given integrodifferential equation

$$y'(t) = \cos t + \int_0^t y(\tau) \cos(t - \tau) d\tau, y(0) = 1$$

2. (7%) Solve the wave equation subject to the given conditions.

$$a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad t > 0$$

$$u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(1, t) = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 0.01 \sin(3\pi x), \quad \left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right|_{t=0} = 0$$

3. (7%) Use the power series method to solve the given initial value problem.

$$(x+1)y'' - (2-x)y' + y = 0, \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = -1$$

4. (15%) Solve the following differential equation

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} = y(x^2 y - 1) \quad (\text{hint: a Bernoulli differential equation})$$

5. (10%) A one-parameter family of solutions for some differential equation is

$$y = \frac{3 - 2ce^{2x}}{1 - ce^{2x}}$$

Please find the differential equation and its singular solution.

6. (25%) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 & 7 \\ -2 & 4 & 1 & 5 \\ -3 & 6 & -8 & -21 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$.

- (a) (10%) Find a spanning set for the solutions to $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$.

- (b) (5%) What is the determinant of A ?

- (c) (10%) Let a linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ be defined as $T(\mathbf{x}) = A\mathbf{x}$. Determine the matrix

representation of T with respect to the following basis $B = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

7. (25%) Consider the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

- (a) (5%) Please find the singular values of A ;

- (b) (10%) Please find the orthonormal bases of right and left singular vectors of the matrix A ;

- (c) (10%) Please find the pseudoinverse of the matrix A .