

1. (30 points) Let  $S : z = y^2 - x^2$ ,  $p = (0, 0, 0) \in S$ . Construct a normal vector field  $\tilde{N}$  of  $S$ . Let  $N : S \rightarrow S^2$  ( $S^2$  is the standard 2-sphere) be the Gauss map induced by  $\tilde{N}$ . At the point  $p$ , compute the Gaussian curvature  $K$  and the mean curvature  $H$  by using the Gauss map  $N$ .
2. (30 points) Define the Christoffel symbols and compute them in terms of the coefficients of the first fundamental form.
3. (20 points) Let  $S^2 : x^2 + y^2 + (z - 1)^2 = 1$ ,  $N = (0, 0, 2) \in S^2$ . Consider the stereographic projection  $\pi : S^2 \setminus \{N\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  which carries a point  $p = (x, y, z)$  of  $S^2 \setminus \{N\}$  onto the intersection of the  $xy$  plane with the straight line which connects  $N$  to  $p$ .
  - i) Write down the map  $\pi$  explicitly.
  - ii) Prove that  $\pi$  is conformal, i.e.  $\|d\pi_p(v)\|^2 = \lambda(p)\|v\|^2$  for all tangent vector  $v$  at  $p$  and for some positive function  $\lambda$ .
4. (20 points) Let  $S \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  be a regular, compact, orientable surface which is not homeomorphic to a sphere. Prove that there exists at least one point on  $S$  where the Gaussian curvature is zero.