Engineering Mathematics

- 1. (16%) Find the equation of the curve, the slope of which is 4 2x, and which passes through the point (2,6).
- 2. (16%) Solve the differential equation:

$$(xy^2 - x)dx + (x^2y + y)dy = 0$$

with
$$y(x=0) = \sqrt{2}$$
.

3. (16%) Use the Laplace transform to solve the following system of differential equations.

with w(0) = 0, y(0) = 1, z(0) = 1.

4. For an arbitrary $m \times n$ matrix A, its general inverse A^- , which has the dimension of $n \times m$, satisfies the following conditions: (i) Both AA^- and A^-A are symmetric, (ii) $A^{-}AA^{-} = A^{-}$, (iii) $AA^{-}A = A$. Find the general inverse of the following matrices:

(a) (8%)
$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
, (b) (8%) $G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

5. Check if each of the following vector fields is conservative. If it is conservative, find the corresponding potential function.

(a)
$$(8\%)$$
 $F(x, y, z) = [yze^{xyz} - 4x]\vec{i} + [xze^{xyz} + z + \cos(y)]\vec{j} + [xye^{xyz}]\vec{k}$
(b) (8%) $G(x, y, z) = [2xyze^{x^2yz} - 2x + y]\vec{i} + [x^2ze^{x^2yz} + x]\vec{j} + [x^2ye^{x^2yz} - \sin(z)]\vec{k}$

6. (20%) Find the general solution of the following problem:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial^2 u(r,\theta)}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u(r,\theta)}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u(r,\theta)}{\partial \theta^2} = 0, \quad 0 < r < 1, \ 0 < \theta < \alpha \\ u(r,0) = 0, \quad u(r,\alpha) = 0, \quad \text{and} \quad u(0,\alpha) \quad \text{is bounded}. \end{split}$$